How does colour-blindness affect the property sector? In the first part of a two-week special report, Noella Pio Kivlehan reports on changing attitudes.
Facebook’s little fat white “F” on a blue background is probably one of the world’s most recognisable logos. Less well known, perhaps, is the fact that the colour scheme was chosen because Facebook founder Mark Zuckerberg is red-green colour-blind.

But Zuckerberg is far from alone. Colour-blindness is a genetic condition that affects around one in 12 men and one in 200 women, to varying degrees – the gene is normally passed on by mothers to their sons – and it can have a significant effect on their everyday lives.

Think about the London Tube map, electrical wiring or traffic lights; all of these, which most people take for granted, can pose problems.

The same is true for colour-blind people in the property sector, who face myriad of difficulties. They may struggle to read building and estate signage, or press advertisements containing information – such as a greenfield site edged in red – that is virtually inaccessible to them.

Then there are problems with websites featuring large amounts of difficult-to-see information. Presentations, research documents, shareholder information and reports usually include graphs and charts that for the colour-blind can be impossible to follow. Ordnance Survey and Land Registry documents are the obvious examples that cause headaches.

“Historically, paper mapping colours gave people with colour deficiency a problem,” says Simon Duquenoy, senior product technical manager with the Ordnance Survey. They would struggle, he explains, to distinguish the greens used for grassland and trees, the reds denoting main roads and public footpaths, and the blues used for motorways and rivers.

To combat this problem, for the past 18 months Duquenoy and his team have been looking at using new software and different colour-blind-friendly styles,” says Duquenoy. “Councils and businesses will be able to create styles especially for colour-blind people. We hope this will make life easier for them.”
shades and hues (see panel below).

However, Kathryn Albany-Ward, a qualified chartered surveyor and founder of Colour Blind Awareness, believes that more needs to be done in the property sector.

Albany-Ward set up her organisation two years ago to raise awareness of the needs of colour-blind people in the community after her seven-year-old son was diagnosed with a severe form of deuteranopia (see panel above, left). She says that the industry should be considering three important questions.

Why waste your budget?

First, accessibility. “Wouldn’t all companies want to ensure their intended audience can access all of the information they want to convey?” she asks. “For instance, what is the point of wasting up to 8% of your marketing budget? Why would you want to put together a presentation that up to 8% of your audience cannot access either through advertising or marketing brochures?”

Second, discrimination. “Are companies ready for the consequences of continuing to discriminate against colour-blind members of the public using their facilities – such as shopping centres – when they cannot fully access information?” asks Albany-Ward.

She highlights shopping centre directory boards, car park/building circulation information, and website directions as problem areas because their design reflects poor colour choice. “The law has not yet been properly tested, but employment tribunal case law is growing,” she adds. “It only takes one case in court [to set precedence].”

Third, legal protection. Albany-Ward asks whether employers “have procedures/policies in place to ensure that their colour-blind staff are protected against discrimination if they make a mistake (with, for example, title plans) because of colour issues”.

She stresses: “The company would have to make sure it is protected against the unwitting mistakes of their colour-blind staff.”

While emphasising that she does not want to preach to the industry, Albany-Ward says that these issues could affect every company.

Some firms are already taking action. For instance, Savills has ensured that both its website and in-house material/research documents are suitable for colour-blind people.

Mat Oakley, director of commercial research at Savills, is red-green colour-blind. His condition, he says, has made him more aware of the importance of trying to use colours that are not too similar. Quite simply, he states: “If I can’t tell the difference, then others can’t either.”

Heightened awareness

It is this heightened awareness that Albany-Ward hopes will make not only the property sector, but all sectors of working life, better for people with colour-blindness.

Next week, BCSC chief executive Michael Green shares his experience of living and working with colour blindness.